

[2018. 3차대비 LIVE 특강] Sophia's pick! (문법 포인트 40)

<001> 접속사 or 관계대명사 개수 + 1 = 동사의 개수

The product survey questionnaire has not been revised _____ the last advertisement was printed.

- ① despite ② about ③ instead of ④ since

<002> and 뒤가 밑줄이면 and 앞에 답이 있다.

It seems that the union and management are never able to compromise and _____ an agreement until the 11th hour when everyone is nearly ready to give up.

- ① reaches ② reaching ③ reached ④ reach

<003> both 뒤에는 and가 답이다.

Both the customer relations _____ advertising departments will be included in the training.

- ① also ② and ③ or ④ nor

<004> 명사절을 이끄는 what [vs] that

A company must know _____ competitors in the industry are trying to accomplish.

- ① what ② that ③ how ④ which

<005> 시간/조건의 부사절에서는 현재시제로 미래의미를 대신한다.

When Sophia _____ collecting all the related data, we will report the results to you immediately.

- ① will finish ② finished ③ finish ④ finishes

<006> 빈 칸 뒤에 불완전한 절이 오면 관계사가 답이다.

The architect _____ designed the Seoul Art Center plans to speak this evening.

- ① who ② some ③ she ④ also

<007> 관계사 앞의 전치사는 관계절 끝에 '전치사+선행사'를 넣어 본다.

The land _____ which most international companies wanted to construct a distribution center has been sold.

- ① on ② from ③ for ④ to

<008> 관계대명사와 관계부사가 선택지에 같이 있으면 빈 칸 뒤의 절이 완전한지 여부를 따진다.

We are expecting our manager's return from the UK, _____ she made a

speech on cost efficiency at a workshop.

- ① while ② where ③ which ④ why

<009> 복합관계대명사 앞에는 선행사가 없고, 자신이 이끄는 절 안에서 '격'이 결정된다.

Ms. Sophia asks that _____ is present should refrain from making any comments or asking any questions until after the statement is read.

- ① everyone ② whoever ③ whomever ④ everywhere

<010> 하나의 문장에는 반드시 동사가 하나씩 있어야 한다. (~ing나 p.p.는 동사가 아니다)\

Unless building residents strongly _____, the sculpture will stay in its current location in the lobby.

- ① object ② objects ③ objecting ④ to object

<011> 빈출 '자동사+전치사' 형태를 암기하라.

These model formats should _____ with existing standards developed by the federal governments.

- ① adhere ② comply ③ belong ④ approach

<012> 4형식으로 착각하기 쉬운 3형식 동사를 주의한다.

Please let Sophia's secretary know when you get there so she can _____ him of your arrival.

- ① speak ② notify ③ report ④ attend

<013> 사역동사의 목적보어 자리에는 '동사원형' 또는 '과거분사(p.p)'가 온다.

Any employee wishing to enroll in company-sponsored English language classes in March must let his or her supervisor _____ before February 15th.

- ① to know ② knowing ③ know ④ be known

<014> to부정사를 목적어로 취하는 동사는 미래의미를 가진다.

People plan _____ their travel schedules.

- ① alter ② to alter ③ altering ④ alternation

<015> to부정사와 동명사를 모두 목적어로 취하는 동사의 의미 차이를 구분하라.

The first round of talks between management and the union to try _____ their differences did not go well.

- ① settling ② to settle ③ settled ④ settlement

<016> 'be used to ~ing' [vs] 'be used to 동사원형'

Sophia is used to _____ overtime since he was promoted three years ago.

- ① working ② work ③ worked ④ be working

<017> '동사' 자리인지 '분사' 자리인지를 먼저 파악하라.

Sally, _____ as the Vice Chairman of the Board, is a strategic and financial consultant for growth-stage companies.

- ① serve ② serves ③ served ④ serving

<018> 빈 칸 앞, 뒤에 모두 명사가 있다면 현재분사(~ing)가 정답이다. (동사자리가 아닌 경우)

The government had recently passed a law _____ all foreign workers to renew their work permits every year.

- ① require ② required ③ requiring ④ requires

<019> 감정분사는 사람을 서술할 때 'p.p', 사물을 서술할 때 '~ing'

The Australian Times announced that the recent decrease in tourism could have _____ consequences for the economy.

- ① worried ② worrying ③ worrier ④ worries

<020> 5형식문장, 목적보어 자리에 들어갈 분사의 형태에 주의하자.

The entertainment team worked very hard and were very friendly although we found some of the shows in the evening a bit _____ and not suited to children.

- ① bores ② boring ③ bored ④ bore

<021> 준동사 삼국지 (to부정사 vs 동명사 vs 분사)

Various services on the Internet can be helpful in _____ books which are difficult to find.

- ① located ② locating ③ will locate ④ to locate

<022> 분사구문은 생략된 '주어와 주절의 주어 일치' / '분사만의 목적어 여부'를 따진다.

_____ in the meeting this morning, they will arrive at your office at noon on Friday June 29th.

- ① discuss ② discussion ③ discussing ④ discussed

<023> 불가산 명사는 A/S 불가!

At the hotel lobby, a guest can ask a porter to bring _____ luggage to a room after they check in.

- ① those ② the ③ a ④ each

<023> 재귀대명사는 주어와의 일치여부를 확인한다.

The information is enclosed to help _____ find our the best program to install on their computers.

- ① themselves ② they ③ their ④ them

<024> that of [vs] those of

Beijing's modernization level is higher than _____ of other cities in China.

- ① that ② those ③ this ④ these

<025> one, another, other, the other를 구분하라.

The weekly pass is the most economic option for students, but _____ are available.

- ① other ② others ③ the other ④ another

<026> those who는 '~하는 사람들'이다.

Because the group size is limited, _____ who are interested in joining the discussion will need to register in advance.

- ① those ② them ③ that ④ this

<027> 2형식 동사 뒤는 형용사 자리이다.

Its products have become much more _____.

- ① value ② valuing ③ valuable ④ valuably

<028> 5형식 동사의 목적어 뒤는 형용사 자리이다.

It is our hope that you will find your stay _____ and if there are any problems, please inform us immediately so as to allow us to promptly rectify the situation.

- ① satisfied ② satisfaction ③ satisfactory ④ satisfactorily

<029> 셀 수 있는 명사는 many, 셀 수 없는 명사는 much가 답이다.

Sophia has worked at the London branch for _____ years and is a valued employee of the company.

- ① a lot ② much ③ many ④ a little

<030> every/each/another 바로 뒤에는 단수 명사가 온다.

_____ the job applicants is asked to bring their portfolios when coming for an interview.

- ① Every ② Every of ③ Each ④ Each of

<031> a- 로 시작하는 형용사는 보어자리에만 온다.

A _____ show is on television.

- ① live ② living ③ lived ④ alive

<032> so, very는 비교급을 수식하지 않는다.

This year's corporate-league football finals were _____ more exciting to

watch than last year's.

- ① so ② very ③ far ④ real

<033> **hard [vs] hardly**

Although Mr. Kim works [hard / hardly], his application for a pay raise was not granted.

<034> **문장이 완전하면 비교급 부사, 불완전하면 비교급 형용사가 답이다.**

The computers in our department were purchased _____ than the fax machine.

- ① recently ② most recent ③ more recently ④ most recently

<035> **The 비교급, the 비교급**

The more they work with her, the more _____ they are by her excellent organizing skills.

- ① impressive ② impressed

<036> **주절에 now, today 등의 부사가 있다면 혼합가정법 문제이다.**

If the bank had not given me the loan, I _____ live in this house now.

- ① will not ② wasn't ③ would not ④ would have

<037> **주절에 than이 있다면 반드시 비교급이 답이다.**

Sophia has [little / less] money than Jake does.

<038> **가정법에서 If가 생략될 때, not until이 문두에 있을 때, 부정부사가 문두에 있을 때... 도치가 일어난다.**

_____ I told you before, you had better take a rest.

- ① If ② Had ③ When ④ Should

<039> **가능성이 없는 가정일 때는 if절에 'were to'를 쓴다.**

If the Sun _____ rise in the West, I would give you everything I have.

- ① had ② would ③ were to ④ will

<040> **3형식 타동사 + 목적어 + ('전치사' 명사) ; 이 때 전치사의 종류를 암기하라.**

The teacher blamed me _____ being late over and over.

- ① in ② to ③ on ④ for